

DAILY RECORD-UNION

CITY OFFICIAL PAPER.

FRIDAY.....JANUARY 22, 1886.

The Recruit-Urox is the only paper on the coast, outside of San Francisco, that receives the full Associated Press dispatches from all parts of the world. Outside of San Francisco it has no competitor, in point of numbers, in its home and general circulation throughout the coast.

NEWS OF THE MORNING.

New York yesterday Government bonds were quoted at 125% for 10¢ of 100; 112% for 45¢; 87½% for 90; 105% for 3¢ silver bars, 55¢.

Silver in London, 47¢; consols, 99 15-16; 5 per cent. United States bonds, extended, 105; 48½% 45¢, 11½¢.

Mining stocks showed a slight improvement in San Francisco yesterday, both in the volume of business and in value. But everything continued to move at a low ebb.

A small fire in China, Wednesday evening, caused a loss of \$500.

In a quarrel over a game of cards at Vacaville, Wednesday night, John Bowlin shot Jeff Dobbin.

Ex-President Arthur's health is causing anxiety among his friends.

He takes strong ground in favor of silver coinage.

It is denied that dissension exists in the New York Grant Monument Committee.

An effort is being made in Washington to increase the price of type-setting from 50 cents per 1,000 to 60 cents.

A Chinese convict killed one of his fellow-prisoners, a young man, and mortally wounded two others—all Chinese.

Half of the net proceeds of the circus fair in San Francisco are to be donated to the Northern California Immigration Association.

Jesse Wyckersham and wife have been found murdered at their ranch in Sonoma county, it is supposed by Chinamen.

A new Old Fellow Hall was dedicated in St. Helena, Saturday.

Senator Jones of Nevada, took his seat in the Senate Wednesday, for the first time this session.

Two young Californians have been elected editors of the "Yale Literary Magazine"—a post much coveted by the students of Yale College.

Twenty-three days twenty-seven snowshoes earned near Aspen, Col., killing eleven men and six miles, and causing great destruction of property.

Excessive improvements have been ordered at Fort Douglas, Salt Lake City.

Three hundred men have been discharged from the Union Pacific shop at Omaha, to cut down expenses.

James Marshall and a young lady named Riser were drowned, Wednesday evening, at Watson, Pa., while skating.

An important capture of a fugitive was made yesterday by the Pinkerton Detective Agency of Chicago.

Another conflict has occurred in the Pennsylvania regions between the officers and Hungarians.

Queen Victoria opened the British Parliament in person yesterday—her first public appearance in years.

Further reports of the ravages of the great storm throughout the State are given this morning.

HONESTY THE BEST POLICY.

The San Jose Mercury raises the note of warning against the beginning of one of those periodic human currents that flow out of the denser populations into sections more or less remote, the natural advantages of which have been over-colored by shrewd and conscientious speculators.

One of these tidal waves of restless home-seekers is rolling on to Florida, and already the cry of the disappointed and duped is heard.

It is, perhaps, true that deception and swindling are inseparable from the peopling of any new country. The greed and cupidity of men cannot always be restrained.

The present instance of over-color and consequent disappointment and suffering had its parallels in the European output of population to the New World one and two centuries ago. Instances in number are recorded in the early history of the new world, of deluded colonies of expectation raised by roseate penning beyond the possibility of realization.

The distinction between that period and this, however, is to be found in the enlarged facilities of the present for obtaining correct information. The British colony so egregiously swindled by a Florida land agent, of which our dispatches recently gave a detailed and pitiful account, entitled to less sympathy in its suffering and loss than if the ready means for informing itself before venturing had not presented. Indeed, it is in evidence that the colonists who were left to starve upon barren lands and in the midst of malarial swamps, were timely warned, but they took no heed.

It is a matter of comparatively small cost, and but slight delay, for any considerable group of intending settlers to send forward an agent from among themselves to spy out the land. If any colony is duped at this day it is the result of failure to exercise ordinary caution. Nevertheless, we second most heartily the advice of our contemporaries to our own people to crush all attempts to over-color representations concerning California, in the invitation to desirable immigrants. Very often, very early and very recently the Record-Union has pointed out the certain injury that must result from permitting untruthful or exaggerated and partial statements concerning our soil and its yield, our climate and the resources of the State, and the methods of labor necessary to success, to be put forth. Californians can afford to stand by the truth. They can afford to present both sides. They cannot afford to conceal from these they invite the obstacles to be encountered in immigrating to the State, and in wringing reward from the soil. If no higher motive actuates us than that of self-interest, this is a case in which it is best to be honest.

RAILROAD MATTERS.—The local passenger train between this city and San Francisco came and went yesterday way of Vallejo, and the overland via Stockton. The local got up last night at 8:45, and the overland about 9 o'clock. The break in the road between Benicia and Vallejo, caused by the unusually high tide of the late part of Wednesday, was about 300 feet long. The work of repair has been carried on day and night, and it is expected that trains will be able to pass to-night after 10 o'clock. The train from Lathrop, due here at 9 a.m. yesterday, did not reach the city until 12 m., having been held to accommodate passengers of the Atlantic and Pacific Railroad, and the end is not yet. This is nothing. California can cite cases of its own that exceed Carpenter's record of 10 hours.

THE PRESS AND LYING.—The New Orleans States is greatly pleased with President Cleveland's "fidelity to the Constitution." How was it, Jeff, with you, when you took oath to be loyal to the Constitution? Most people, if in President Cleveland's place, would prefer that you reserve your compliments concerning their fidelity to the Constitution, in the light of the construction you put upon the conclusive qualities of a Union of States under the Constitution.

THE NEW YORK press is exercised over the law's delays. Julius Carpenter killed his wife two years ago in New York city, in a manner altogether brutal. He has had two trials and enjoyed five or six appeals, and the end is not yet. This is nothing. California can cite cases of its own that exceed Carpenter's record of 10 hours.

THE DEMOCRACY is showing its hand plainly every day, disclosing the secret springs and wheels of the machinery by which it hopes to destroy the civil service law. The bill to repeal it is not the unthinking act of a single representative; it is the deliberate result of party counsel.

In Ohio it has been demonstrated that ballot-box frauds can be exposed and the perpetrators held up to ignominy and for punishment.

RAILROAD MATTERS.—The local passenger train between this city and San Francisco came and went yesterday way of Vallejo, and the overland via Stockton. The local got up last night at 8:45, and the overland about 9 o'clock. The break in the road between Benicia and Vallejo, caused by the unusually high tide of the late part of Wednesday, was about 300 feet long. The work of repair has been carried on day and night, and it is expected that trains will be able to pass to-night after 10 o'clock. The train from Lathrop, due here at 9 a.m. yesterday, did not reach the city until 12 m., having been held to accommodate passengers of the Atlantic and Pacific Railroad, and the end is not yet. This is nothing. California can cite cases of its own that exceed Carpenter's record of 10 hours.

THE PRESS AND LYING.—The Chicago Times is given to plain speaking. It does not hesitate to endorse the remarks of the President that the press is greatly given to lying. The Record-Union agrees that the criticism of Mr. Cleveland was just in many respects, and especially as applied to that indefinite authority, "a reliable correspondent," and "a Washington Special." Some of our San Francisco contemporaries have expressed the opinion that the President was extravagant in his utterances, and that the facts do not warrant his denunciation. But the Times, the opportunities of which for observing the conduct and expression of the press of the country, and for testing the accuracy of its statements, are not surpassed by those of any journal, decides that the President bluntly gave fitting utterance to a plain truth when he said that never before in the history of the country has there been so much newspaper lying, nor never has it flourished anywhere as it does in this country. The Times, which claims and exemplifies its claim to high regard for the journalism of the land, declares that lying is the preponderating vice of the American press of this day, and particularly of that large section of the press that is commonly distinguished by the appellation of the party organ. The party press, from the very nature of its being, cannot discuss public topics and men

impartially. When it indulges in criticism that in the slightest degree will tend to offend a partisan, it ceases to that extent to be an organ. The servile party writer produces a literature to order, not from convictions. The partisan who advocates the policy of his party from the high plane of right and conviction, can conduct a party organ, for the reason that free and honest criticism is not possible in such sheets. Writers of that class are independent journalists. Their papers never are, or can be "organs" of party.

THE LATEST WOMAN CASE.

The story of Mrs. McCord, as published in the *Alta*, is true, it prove the wife of Dr. McDonald—who killed David Mish in San Francisco Tuesday evening—to be fiendish. Duplicit is too mild a term to apply to her conduct, as she is required to give bonds, the same as the Treasurer, Secretary, and General Manager.

During Melone wanted to know whether under the law a man could ship fruit into a carload worth \$100 to get a bond. The general understanding in reply was he would.

A section was taken on the addition to the section, and it was almost unanimously adopted.

The meeting then, at noon, took a recess until 1 p.m.

APPROPRIATION SESSION.

Upon assembling in the afternoon, a discussion was made on the subject of the appropriation of the money to be used for the payment of debts.

Mr. Hatch moved an amendment to the section, to provide that all stockholders shipping fruit to the Union shall be required to file a good and true affidavit with the Secretary of the Union, to indemnify the Union against all losses for non-payment of freights, or for any sale from fruit not covering expenses on its or their shipments.

During Melone wanted to know whether under the law a man could ship ten boxes of fruit into a carload worth \$100 to get a bond. The general understanding in reply was he would.

A section was taken on the addition to the section, and it was almost unanimously adopted.

Stockholders in the Union, and the limited number of stockholders shipping fruit to the Union, shall be required to file a good and true affidavit with the Secretary of the Union, to indemnify the Union against all losses for non-payment of freights, or for any sale from fruit not covering expenses on its or their shipments.

Mr. Hatch moved an amendment to the section, to provide that all stockholders shipping fruit to the Union shall be required to file a good and true affidavit with the Secretary of the Union, to indemnify the Union against all losses for non-payment of freights, or for any sale from fruit not covering expenses on its or their shipments.

During Melone wanted to know whether under the law a man could ship fruit into a carload worth \$100 to get a bond. The general understanding in reply was he would.

A section was taken on the addition to the section, and it was almost unanimously adopted.

Stockholders in the Union, and the limited number of stockholders shipping fruit to the Union, shall be required to file a good and true affidavit with the Secretary of the Union, to indemnify the Union against all losses for non-payment of freights, or for any sale from fruit not covering expenses on its or their shipments.

Mr. Hatch moved an amendment to the section, to provide that all stockholders shipping fruit to the Union shall be required to file a good and true affidavit with the Secretary of the Union, to indemnify the Union against all losses for non-payment of freights, or for any sale from fruit not covering expenses on its or their shipments.

During Melone wanted to know whether under the law a man could ship fruit into a carload worth \$100 to get a bond. The general understanding in reply was he would.

A section was taken on the addition to the section, and it was almost unanimously adopted.

Stockholders in the Union, and the limited number of stockholders shipping fruit to the Union, shall be required to file a good and true affidavit with the Secretary of the Union, to indemnify the Union against all losses for non-payment of freights, or for any sale from fruit not covering expenses on its or their shipments.

Mr. Hatch moved an amendment to the section, to provide that all stockholders shipping fruit to the Union shall be required to file a good and true affidavit with the Secretary of the Union, to indemnify the Union against all losses for non-payment of freights, or for any sale from fruit not covering expenses on its or their shipments.

During Melone wanted to know whether under the law a man could ship fruit into a carload worth \$100 to get a bond. The general understanding in reply was he would.

A section was taken on the addition to the section, and it was almost unanimously adopted.

Stockholders in the Union, and the limited number of stockholders shipping fruit to the Union, shall be required to file a good and true affidavit with the Secretary of the Union, to indemnify the Union against all losses for non-payment of freights, or for any sale from fruit not covering expenses on its or their shipments.

Mr. Hatch moved an amendment to the section, to provide that all stockholders shipping fruit to the Union shall be required to file a good and true affidavit with the Secretary of the Union, to indemnify the Union against all losses for non-payment of freights, or for any sale from fruit not covering expenses on its or their shipments.

During Melone wanted to know whether under the law a man could ship fruit into a carload worth \$100 to get a bond. The general understanding in reply was he would.

A section was taken on the addition to the section, and it was almost unanimously adopted.

Stockholders in the Union, and the limited number of stockholders shipping fruit to the Union, shall be required to file a good and true affidavit with the Secretary of the Union, to indemnify the Union against all losses for non-payment of freights, or for any sale from fruit not covering expenses on its or their shipments.

Mr. Hatch moved an amendment to the section, to provide that all stockholders shipping fruit to the Union shall be required to file a good and true affidavit with the Secretary of the Union, to indemnify the Union against all losses for non-payment of freights, or for any sale from fruit not covering expenses on its or their shipments.

During Melone wanted to know whether under the law a man could ship fruit into a carload worth \$100 to get a bond. The general understanding in reply was he would.

A section was taken on the addition to the section, and it was almost unanimously adopted.

Stockholders in the Union, and the limited number of stockholders shipping fruit to the Union, shall be required to file a good and true affidavit with the Secretary of the Union, to indemnify the Union against all losses for non-payment of freights, or for any sale from fruit not covering expenses on its or their shipments.

Mr. Hatch moved an amendment to the section, to provide that all stockholders shipping fruit to the Union shall be required to file a good and true affidavit with the Secretary of the Union, to indemnify the Union against all losses for non-payment of freights, or for any sale from fruit not covering expenses on its or their shipments.

During Melone wanted to know whether under the law a man could ship fruit into a carload worth \$100 to get a bond. The general understanding in reply was he would.

A section was taken on the addition to the section, and it was almost unanimously adopted.

Stockholders in the Union, and the limited number of stockholders shipping fruit to the Union, shall be required to file a good and true affidavit with the Secretary of the Union, to indemnify the Union against all losses for non-payment of freights, or for any sale from fruit not covering expenses on its or their shipments.

Mr. Hatch moved an amendment to the section, to provide that all stockholders shipping fruit to the Union shall be required to file a good and true affidavit with the Secretary of the Union, to indemnify the Union against all losses for non-payment of freights, or for any sale from fruit not covering expenses on its or their shipments.

During Melone wanted to know whether under the law a man could ship fruit into a carload worth \$100 to get a bond. The general understanding in reply was he would.

A section was taken on the addition to the section, and it was almost unanimously adopted.

Stockholders in the Union, and the limited number of stockholders shipping fruit to the Union, shall be required to file a good and true affidavit with the Secretary of the Union, to indemnify the Union against all losses for non-payment of freights, or for any sale from fruit not covering expenses on its or their shipments.

Mr. Hatch moved an amendment to the section, to provide that all stockholders shipping fruit to the Union shall be required to file a good and true affidavit with the Secretary of the Union, to indemnify the Union against all losses for non-payment of freights, or for any sale from fruit not covering expenses on its or their shipments.

During Melone wanted to know whether under the law a man could ship fruit into a carload worth \$100 to get a bond. The general understanding in reply was he would.

A section was taken on the addition to the section, and it was almost unanimously adopted.

Stockholders in the Union, and the limited number of stockholders shipping fruit to the Union, shall be required to file a good and true affidavit with the Secretary of the Union, to indemnify the Union against all losses for non-payment of freights, or for any sale from fruit not covering expenses on its or their shipments.

Mr. Hatch moved an amendment to the section, to provide that all stockholders shipping fruit to the Union shall be required to file a good and true affidavit with the Secretary of the Union, to indemnify the Union against all losses for non-payment of freights, or for any sale from fruit not covering expenses on its or their shipments.

During Melone wanted to know whether under the law a man could ship fruit into a carload worth \$100 to get a bond. The general understanding in reply was he would.

A section was taken on the addition to the section, and it was almost unanimously adopted.

Stockholders in the Union, and the limited number of stockholders shipping fruit to the Union, shall be required to file a good and true affidavit with the Secretary of the Union, to indemnify the Union against all losses for non-payment of freights, or for any sale from fruit not covering expenses on its or their shipments.

Mr. Hatch moved an amendment to the section, to provide that all stockholders shipping fruit to the Union shall be required to file a good and true affidavit with the Secretary of the Union, to indemnify the Union against all losses for non-payment of freights, or for any sale from fruit not covering expenses on its or their shipments.

During Melone wanted to know whether under the law a man could ship fruit into a carload worth \$100 to get a bond. The general understanding in reply was he would.

A section was taken on the addition to the section, and it was almost unanimously adopted.

Stockholders in the Union, and the limited number of stockholders shipping fruit to the Union, shall be required to file a good and true affidavit with the Secretary of the Union, to indemnify the Union against all losses for non-payment of freights, or for any sale from fruit not covering expenses on its or their shipments.

Mr. Hatch moved an amendment to the section, to provide that all stockholders shipping fruit to the Union shall be required to file a good and true affidavit with the Secretary of the Union, to indemnify the Union against all losses for non-payment of freights, or for any sale from fruit not covering expenses on its or their shipments.

During Melone wanted to know whether under the law a man could ship fruit into a carload worth \$100 to get a bond. The general understanding in reply was he would.

A section was taken on the addition to the section, and it was almost unanimously adopted.

Stockholders in the Union, and the limited number of stockholders shipping fruit to the Union, shall be required to file a good and true affidavit with the Secretary of the Union, to indemnify the Union against all losses for

CENTRAL AMERICA.

Panama Advertisements to the 28th of December.

By the steamer Colima, which arrived at San Francisco Wednesday from Panama, according to the 28th of December were received.

The national Government has contracted with Senor Luis G. Rivas for furnishing to the Mint the silver bullion necessary to coin the sum of \$500,000,500 grains fine, the circulation of which will be compulsory according to the decree of the 14th of March last.

Reputable persons who have come from Bogota have informed us that the mercantile community there has petitioned the Government to have the value of the low-grade coins suspended, and that instead of same, as is the treasury in need, to order a new emission of national bank bills. In fact, this will give to the holder a right to the value of the coin in the place of same. This will not be the case, however, with the coin of 500 grains fine, because those accepting this coin will ultimately lose if their transactions do not bring in the intrinsic value of the coin. It is not the intrinsic value of the coin that this loss will fall, although it may cause stagnation, particularly so in large transactions.

At a Court-martial held at Bogota on the 28th of November, Senator Alvaro, the leader of the rebellion in Panama, was sentenced to exile for ten years from the 1st of October last; to be deprived of all offices of public trust and of all political rights; to pay the expenses of his trial and to compensate and pay indemnity for all losses and damages occasioned by his crime.

The Court-martial which sentenced Dr. Francisco Gravo de Peralea, a native of Colombia, was presided over by General D. Pedro Chaves and First Sergeant David Avadie. He was sentenced to ten years' confinement for being an accomplice in the burning of the residence of the late Pedro Preston. He will undergo this sentence at the Penitentiary of Bogota.

The cause of the recent fire on board the Pacific Mail Steamship Company's steamer Honduras, while en route from New York to San Francisco, has been fully explained. Explosive acids of some description, placed in a case marked "mining supplies," was shipped as ordinary freight and exploded.

The explosion, the dangerous compound ignited by spontaneous combustion, and the result was a fire which might have caused the most serious damage to the vessel, but which was fortunately extinguished before making much headway.

Had the Honduras been at sea instead of port, probably the vessel would have been destroyed, and the loss of life fearful to contemplate.

A fire has been circulated in the interior of the country stating that the Constitution of Rio Negro having been annulled, the States have the right to assume the particular sovereignty of the State that the author of the Constitution is the President of Santa Cruz, Simon Narino Gonzales Lineros, or that it is at least inspired by him, a few friends of the Nasca-Gordons, who have called the attention of the Government to this fact, that it may appoint for the aforesaid State a military and civil chief.

A Gentle Status.
Is imparted to the kidneys and bladder by Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which is most useful in overcoming torpor of these organs. Besides inducing more activity into them, it stimulates the appetite, and with additional vigor, and enables man the better to undergo the wear and tear of the discharging function imposed upon them by nature. Moreover, as they are the channel for the escape of certain impurities from the blood, it is most useful by strengthening and healthfully stimulating them. In certain morbid conditions, these important organs, fall into a state which is the usual precursor of disease. When you take Hostetter's Bitter, you will find it a medicine service than a medicine which imparts to greater activity when slothful! No medicines are more pernicious than those which affect the kidneys, and a medicine which affects the person should be highly esteemed.

DISSEMINATION.—The Chicago Herald lately printed a dispatch from New York in which the New York Grant Mountain lumber was reported to be held in a deplorable condition, its members greatly disheartened and wrangling among themselves, and some of them so angry at the hot words said in committee discussions that they refused to speak to each other. The one of the trouble was the remissness of the members paying the large sums to which they had pledged themselves. Concerning this, Mayor Grace of New York said he had no objection whatever to warrant these statements. The last time he attended a meeting of the committee he found them sanguine and anticipating rapid progress as soon as the Legislature passed the bill, and which had already raised \$14,000. He had not heard a word spoken in any meeting, and had not heard of anything spoken. Within a month, members of the committee had given up, and knew of large sums pledged by members which had not been paid off without being repaid, which was not the remotest ill-feeling because of non-payment.

WAGES OF GOVERNMENT PRINTERS.—The House Committee on Labor held a meeting last night, said a Washington dispatch of the 29th, and listened to the arguments of the delegates from the various branches of the Government Printing Office in favor of the bill introduced by Representative Faxon, of Ohio, to restore the rate of wages paid by the Government Printing Office prior to March 1877, when, by a clause in the sundry civil appropriation bill, the rate was reduced from 50 cents per hour to 40 cents per hour. The delegation admitted that the rate of wages was up to the scale of the Typographical Union, but they thought as the Government printers were not private firms, did for the same sort of work as private employers paid. In answer to an inquiry as to whether, of the members, said that they were sometimes compelled to work longer than eight hours a day, but that they were paid only for regular time. When the delegation retired the committee went into executive session, and decided to report the bill in the House.

AYER'S Hair Vigor improves the beauty of the hair and promotes its growth. It imparts an attractive appearance, a delicate, fragrant perfume. It stimulates the pores, cleanse the scalp, and proves to be the best and cheapest article for toilet use.

TAKE SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR!
For all Diseases of the Liver, Kidneys, Stomach and Spleen.

This purely vegetable preparation, now so celebrated as a Family Medicine, was first introduced in 1828. It acts gently on the Bowels and Kidneys, and corrects the action of the Liver. It is the best preparatory medicine, whatever the sickness may prove to be. It is a safe medicine, well unassisted by any other medicine, effect a speedy cure.

The Regulator is safe to administer, any quantity, and can be used in cases it can do harm. It will improve like a glass of wine, but is no intoxicating beverage; and will promote digestion, dissipate headache and generally tone up the system.

SEE THAT YOU GET THE GENUINE.
Prepared by J. H. ZEILIN & CO., Philadelphia, Pa.

Cheap and Inferior Forgers Plasters.

WILL INEVITABLY DISAPPOINT YOU and all them. And not even the few casts offered for sale, Jensen's Cataplasma, are safe. They are not only impotent, but gained the voluntary indifference of the medical profession, by their unequalled curative properties.

A BILLION HEADACHE and all the un-symptoms accompanying a Disordered Liver, may be speedily gotten rid of by the use of Dr. Jayne's Nervous Pills.

The Carson Tribune says: It is reported that the ill-fated long-entitled between Hook Mason and Governor Adams is at an end, and that the latter will surely get the Democratic nomination for Governor.

COMMERCIAL
SACRAMENTO MARKET.

FRUIT—Lemon, 25¢ lb.; S. 50¢; Lime, 35¢; Banana, 25¢ lb.; bunch, Pineapple, \$1.40; Apples, 25¢ lb.; Grapes, 60¢ lb.; California Oranges, 15¢ lb.; Lemons, 25¢ lb.; Apples, 50¢ lb.; Cranberries, \$1.50 lb.

THE FRUITS—Assorted, 25¢ lb. cans, 3 lbs.

DRIED FRUITS—Apples sliced, 25¢ lb.; quartered, 25¢ lb.; Peaches, 25¢ lb.; dried fruit, note: Peaches, 25¢ lb.; peeled, 12¢ lb.; Prunes, German and French, 25¢ lb.; Blackberries, 12¢ lb.; Pigs, California, 15¢ lb.

TABLE FRUITS—Assorted, 25¢ lb. cans, 3 lbs.

STRAWBERRIES—Cans, 50¢ lb.; Blueberries, 25¢ lb.

CHERRIES—25¢ lb.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER—1 lb. cans, 50¢ lb.